

IA Embarquée : Enjeux et Technologies

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www.thalesgroup.com



Artificial intelligence: ability to process information by artificial means

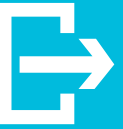


Inputs



AI Algorithm

Outputs



Data

Information

Knowledge

Data-driven AI

“The world's most valuable resource is no longer oil, but **data**.” – The Economist (2017)

Knowledge-based AI

“A good decision is based on **knowledge**, not on numbers” – Plato

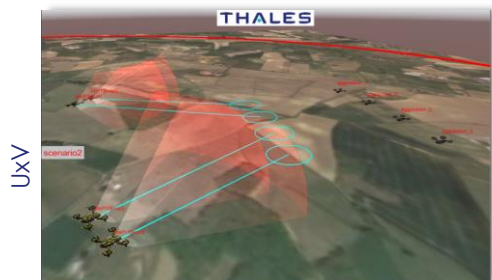
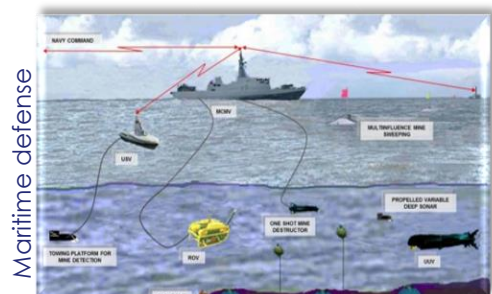
Hybrid AI

“A good decision is based **on knowledge and on data**”

Cognitive Capacities

- Perception / Recognition / Identification
- Understanding / Abstraction
- Reasoning / Decision
- Planning / Anticipation

AI Research Activities

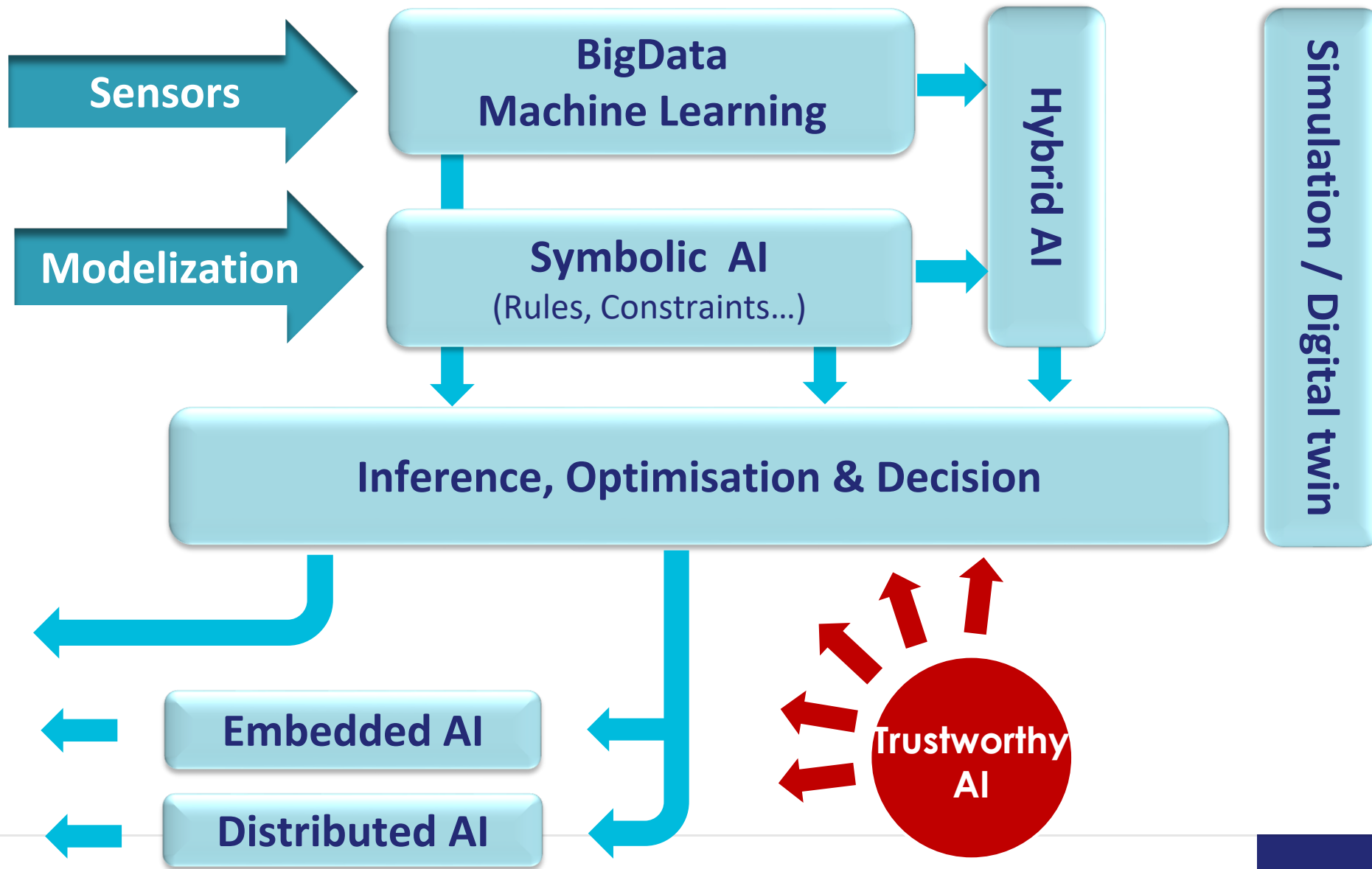


Maritime defense

Collaborative combat

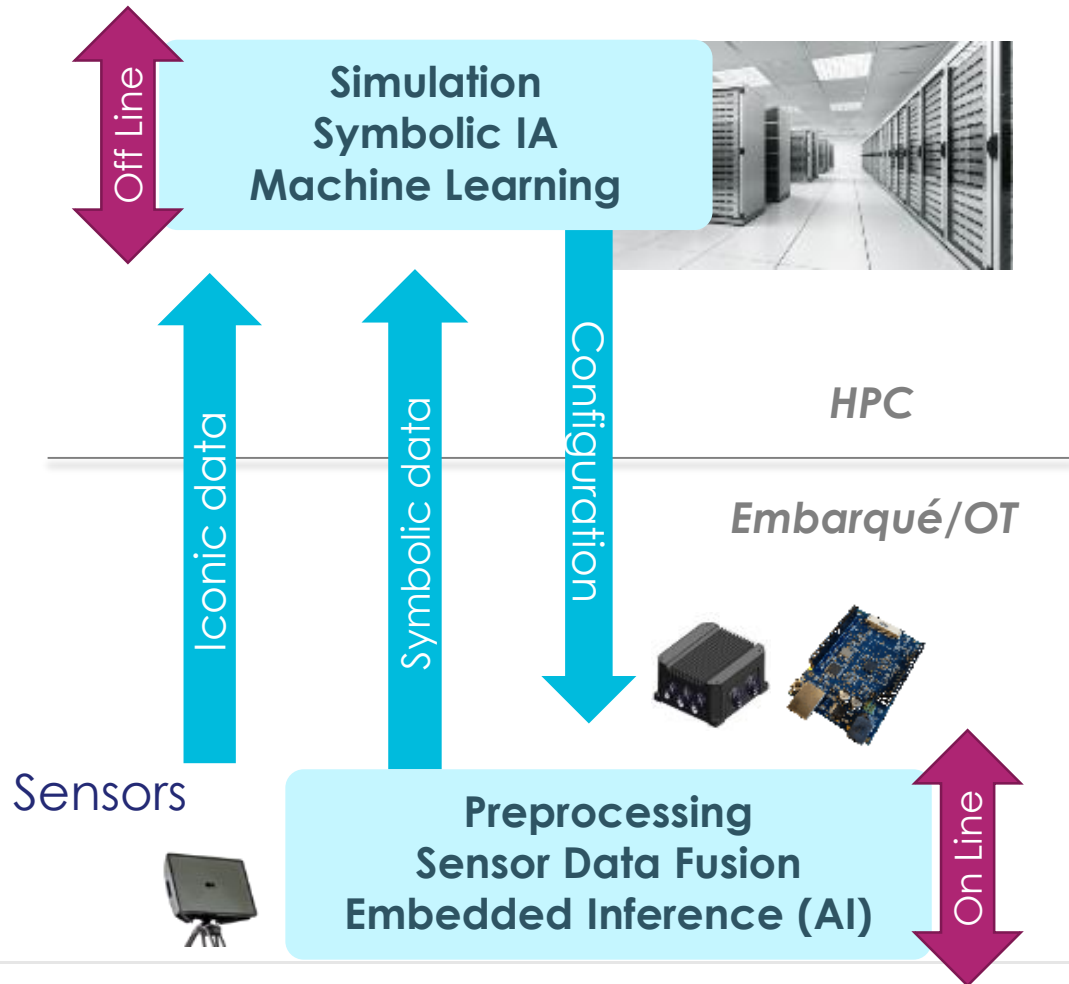
UxV

Aerian Traffic Control

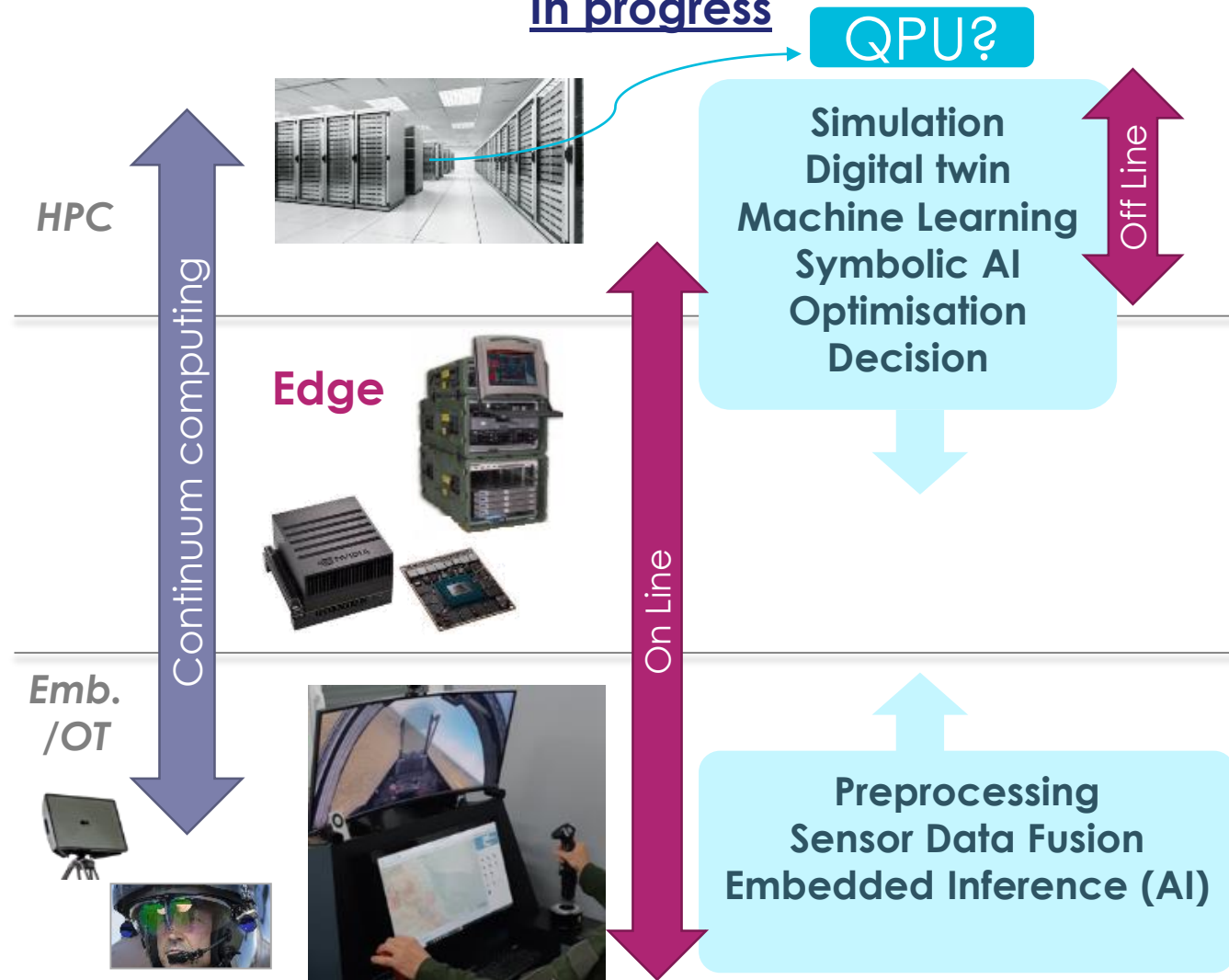


Towards the IT – OT convergence

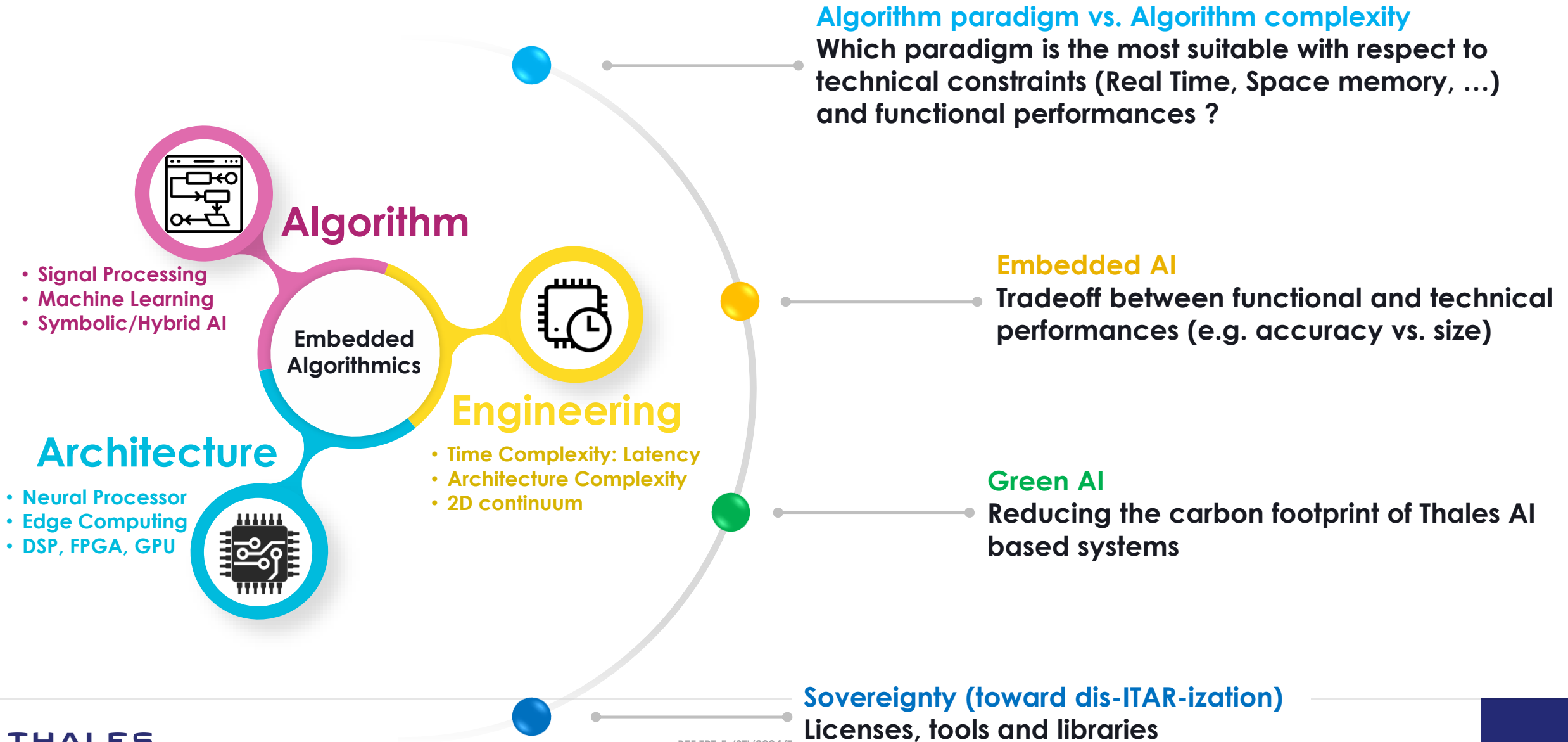
Before



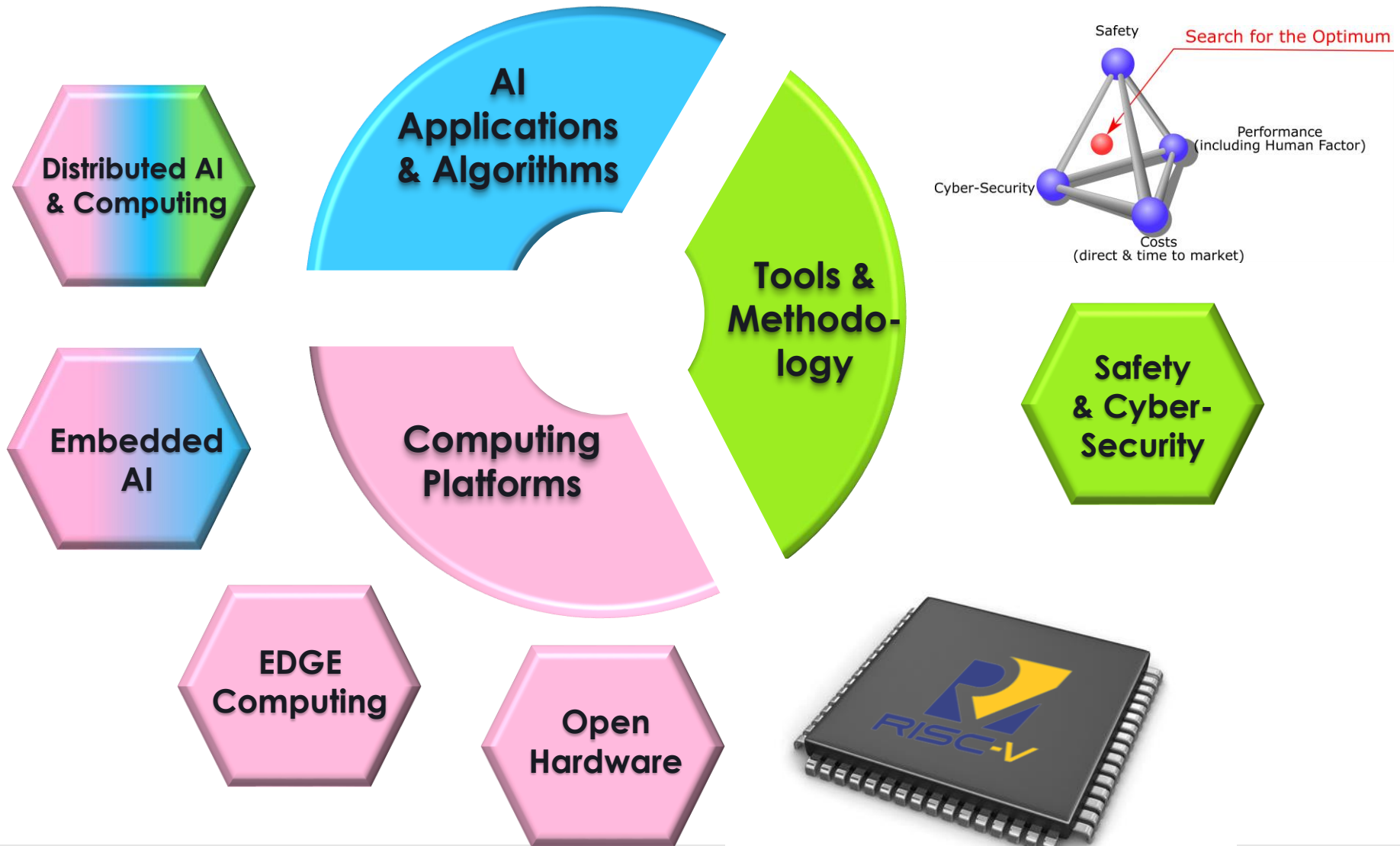
In progress



Embedded AI



R&T Challenges for Mastering Embedded AI



HW Accelerators



Design constraints (perf/SWaP...)



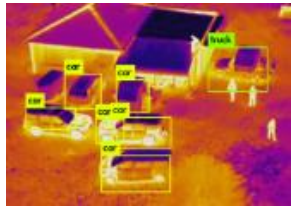
Design and Optimisation

- AI algorithms optimisation and implementation
- Design and development of dedicated HW architectures
- Optimisation of applications for IoT and Edge computing
- Co-design with Thales Business Lines
- Selection of the best hardware target

Expertise

PoCs & derisking

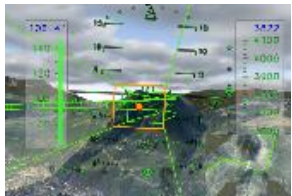
Innovation transfers



e.g. Object detection

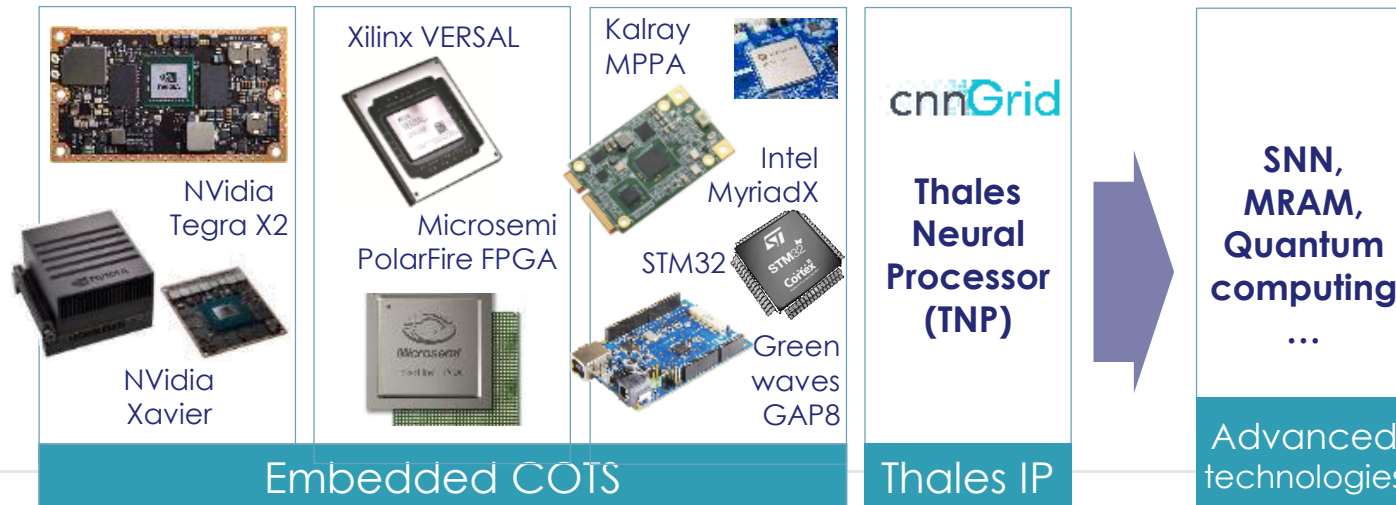


e.g. on-board satellite image processing

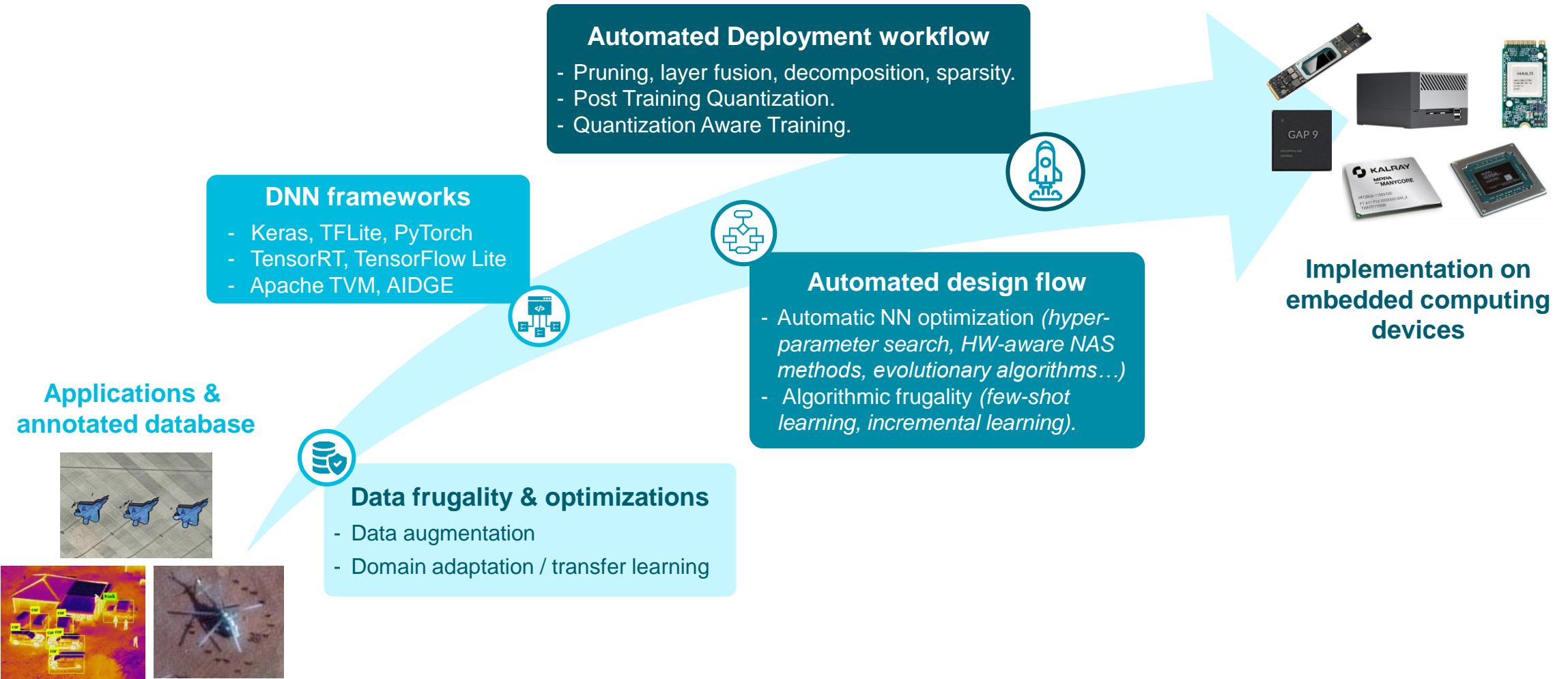


e.g. trajectory optimisation

THALES applications



Embedded AI workflow: towards automation



Thales Neural Processor

> Programmable processor in FPGA

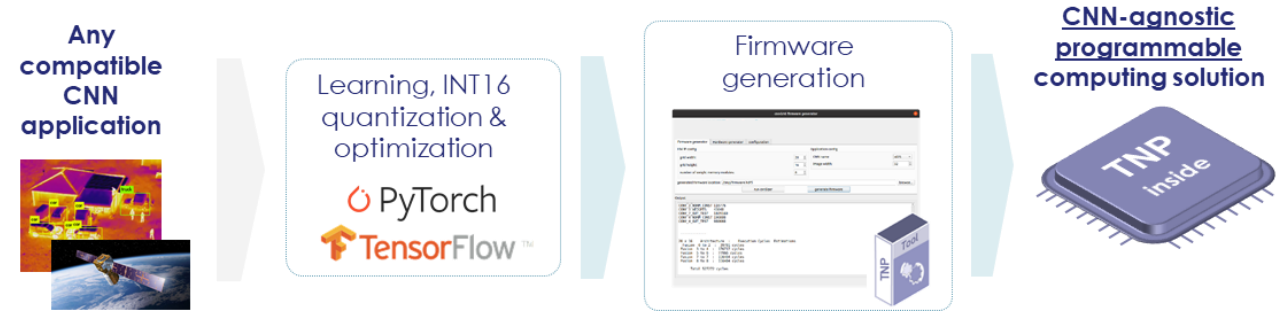
- ▶ Fully programmable Convolutional Neural Network (CNN) processor.
- ▶ Support of a wide range of CNNs.
- ▶ No need of design expertise.

> Fully scalable architecture

- ▶ Exploiting 100s to 1000s of processing elements
 - Optimally used to deliver hundreds of GMAC/s
- ▶ Can be automatically tuned to any FPGA
 - Low-cost to high-performance devices
 - Automatic compiler generation for a given configuration

> Multi FPGA vendor support (ongoing work)

> Can be integrated in embedded smart sensors



Use-case example 1: oil spill detection

The screenshot displays a software application window titled 'run-demo-tas' with a system tray showing the date 'lun. janv. 16 17:41:25' and temperature '34°C 55°C'. The application has two tabs: 'IP supervision & monitoring' and 'image segmentation', with the latter being active. The main interface is divided into several sections:

- Config:** A 'Threshold value' is set to 185.
- Metrics:** A list of performance metrics including 'FPGA part', 'Used DSP', 'max. power [W]', 'CPU usage', 'GDM [m]', 'Image size', 'Tile size', 'Tile rate [FPS]', and 'area rate [km²/s]'. Each metric is accompanied by a small visualization.
- Single tile:** A zoomed-in view of a portion of the main image, showing a dark area with a black background below it.
- Whole image:** A large view of the entire image, showing a dark, textured surface with several bright red spots indicating detected oil spills.
- Source image:** A field for the source image, with a 'Browse...' button to the right.
- Controls:** A 'loop' checkbox and an 'Infer' button are located at the bottom center. A 'suspend' button is located at the bottom right.

An inset image in the top right corner shows two workers in white protective suits and masks cleaning up an oil spill on a beach. One worker is using a shovel to dig, while the other is using a pump to remove the oil.

Use-case example 2: aerial vehicle detections



Edge Computing a new technology to master



Modular Open HW approach in order to optimize the energy efficiency

> Design of a modular software-defined Edge computer (ODYSSAI)

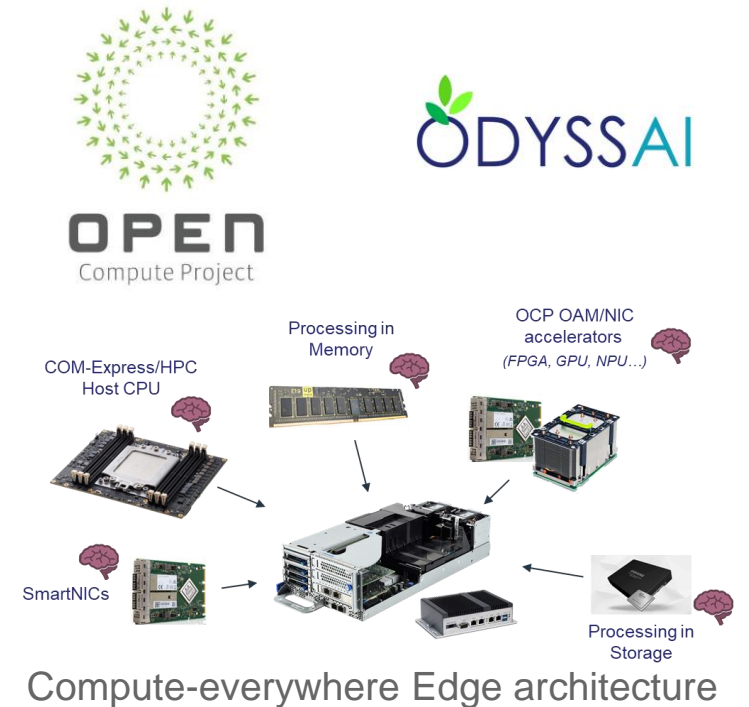
- ▶ Use of existing open standards (OCP, interfaces, interoperability, firmware, power, security, etc.),
- ▶ Integration of heterogeneous and energy-efficient computing solutions (either low cost),
- ▶ High modularity and scalability capabilities (sustainability),
- ▶ Leverage IT/OT convergence,
- ▶ Chiplet architectures with UCIe interfaces, ...

> Leverage the compute-everywhere architecture

- ▶ Compute where the data are stored (NearMC, InMC),
- ▶ Compute during data transfers (DPU), RL during missions,...

> Use of embedded computers instead of IT ones

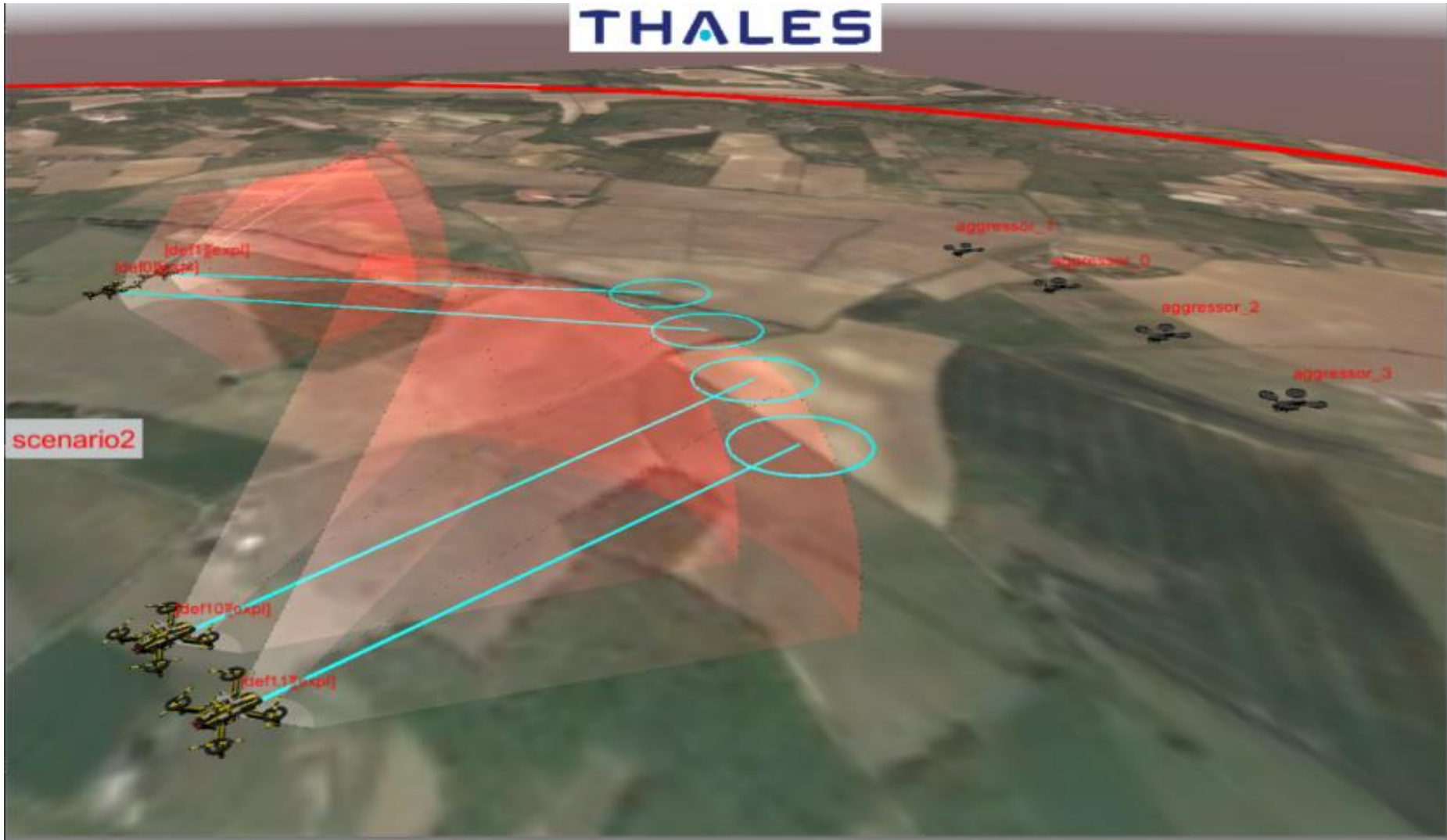
- ▶ eGPUs vs IT GPU accelerators,
- ▶ ARM vs x86 cores, RISC-V tomorrow.



➔ **Opening up to European Suppliers (SMEs, start-ups, etc.) and then creating an European Edge Ecosystem**

Autonomy = Distributed Embedded AI

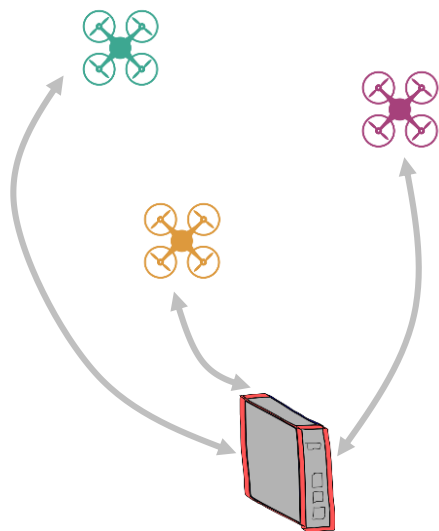




What's next?

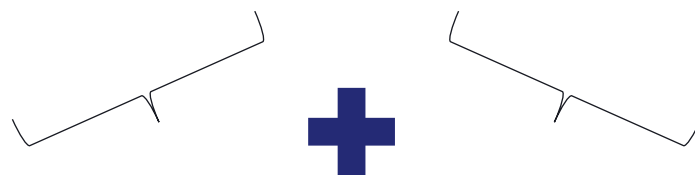
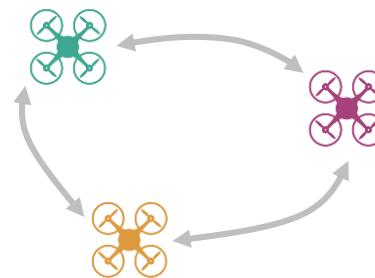
Optimality

Centralized



Resilience
Increased autonomy

Decentralized



Hybrid

Best of both worlds

Take-away



IA EMBARQUÉE POUR LA DEFENSE



Le calcul « off line » devient de plus en plus « in line »

La maîtrise des architectures edge est clé

L'IA distribuée n'est pas qu'un sujet algorithmique